Worksheet # 13

Stoichiometry

- 1. A laboratory method of preparing O_2 gas involves the decomposition of solid KClO₃ according to the following unbalanced equation: KClO₃(s) \rightarrow KCl(s) + O₂(g)
 - a) How many moles of $O_2(g)$ can be produced by the decomposition of 32.8 g KClO₃?
 - b) How many grams of KClO₃ must be decomposed to produce 50.0 g O_2 ?
 - c) How many grams of KCl are formed when 23.8 grams O₂ are formed in the decomposition of KClO₃?
- 2. Suppose 9.5 g of gaseous C_2H_2 reacts with excess O_2 according to the reaction below. What is the mass of CO_2 produced?

$$C_2H_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CO_2(g) + H_2O(\ell)$$

- 3. Chlorine gas is made in the laboratory by the reaction of gaseous hydrochloric acid with solid manganese(IV) oxide to produce aqueous manganese(II) chloride, water, and chlorine. If 13.7 g of manganese(IV) oxide reacts with excess hydrochloric acid, how much chlorine is formed?
- 4. Solid bismuth oxide can react with carbon to form bismuth metal and carbon monoxide. How many grams of bismuth oxide reacted if 60.7 grams of bismuth is formed?
- 5. Solid chromium(III) oxide can react with gaseous hydrogen sulfide to form solid chromium(III) sulfide and water. How many grams of chromium(III) oxide are required to form 83.4 g of chromium(III) sulfide?
- 6. Solid potassium nitrate decomposes on heating to form solid potassium oxide, nitrogen, and oxygen. How many grams of potassium nitrate must be heated to form 86.6 kg of oxygen?
- 7. Solid silver oxide decomposes at temperatures in excess of 300 °C, yielding metallic silver and oxygen gas. A 3.13 g sample of impure silver oxide yields 0.187 g oxygen. If silver oxide is the only source of O₂, what is the percent silver oxide by mass in the sample?
- 8. The mineral galena (lead(II) sulfide) can be roasted it in the presence of oxygen to form solid lead(II) oxide and sulfur dioxide. A 5.77 g sample of impure galena yields 2.11 g lead(II) oxide. If the galena is the only source of lead(II) oxide, what is the percent galena in the impure sample?
- 9. How many moles of CO_2 are produced by the reaction of 6.0 mol of MgCO₃? MgCO₃ = MgO + CO₂
- 10. Suppose that 1.6 mol Al₂(SO₄)₃ are produced. How many moles of H₂O are also produced? $2Al(OH)_3 + 3H_2SO_4 = Al_2(SO_4)_3 + 6H_2O$
- 11. According to reaction equation below, how many moles of H₂C₂O₄ react completely with 1.5 mol of KMnO₄?

 $2KMnO_4 + 5H_2C_2O_4 + 6HCl = 2MnCl_2 + 10 CO_2 + 2KCl + 8H_2O$